

**COMPLETE LISTING OF AMENDED CLAIMS**

1. (previously presented) An isolated nucleic acid sequence which encodes a polypeptide with desaturase activity, selected from the following group:
  - a) a nucleic acid sequence with the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1,
  - b) nucleic acid sequence which, as a result of the degeneracy of the genetic code, are derived from the nucleic acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1,
  - c) derivatives of the nucleic acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1 which encode polypeptides with the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO. 2 and which have at least 75% homology at amino acid level without reducing the enzymatic activity of the polypeptides to less than 10% of the activity of the polypeptides with the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2.
2. (withdrawn) A protein encoded by a nucleic acid sequence as claimed in claim 1.
3. (withdrawn) A protein as claimed in claim 2, encoded by the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO 1.
4. (previously presented) A nucleic acid construct comprising the nucleic acid sequence as claimed in claim 1, where the nucleic acid sequence is linked to one or more regulatory sequences.
5. (previously presented) A vector comprising the nucleic acid sequence as claimed in claim 1 or a nucleic acid construct comprising said nucleic acid sequence linked to one ore more regulatory sequences.

6. (previously presented) A non-human organism comprising the nucleic acid sequence as claimed in claim 1 or at least one nucleic acid construct comprising said nucleic acid linked to one or more regulatory sequences.
7. (previously presented) The non-human organism as claimed in claim 6, which is a plant, a microorganism or an animal.
8. (previously presented) A transgenic plant comprising the nucleic acid sequence as claimed in claim 1, wherein said nucleic acid sequence is functional or nonfunctional, or a functional or nonfunctional nucleic acid construct comprising said nucleic acid linked to one or more regulatory sequences.
9. (currently amended) A process for the preparation of unsaturated fatty acids, which comprises introducing the nucleic acid sequence as claimed in claim 1 or a nucleic acid construct comprising said nucleic acid linked to one or more regulatory sequences into an organism capable of synthesizing fatty acids growing this organism, isolating oil contained in the organism and liberating fatty acids contained in the oil.
10. (previously presented) A process for the preparation of triglycerides with an increased content of unsaturated fatty acids, which comprises introducing the nucleic acid sequence as claimed in claim 1 or a nucleic acid construct comprising said nucleic acid linked to one or more regulatory sequences into an oil-producing organism, growing this organism and isolating the oil contained in the organism.
11. (previously presented) A process for the preparation of saturated fatty acids, which comprises introducing the nonfunctional nucleic acid sequences as claimed in claim 1 or a nonfunctional nucleic acid construct comprising said nucleic acids

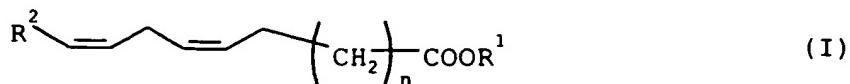
linked to one or more regulatory sequences into an oil-producing organism, growing this organism, isolating the oil contained in the organism and liberating the fatty acids contained in the oil.

12. (previously presented) A process for the preparation of triglycerides with an increased content of saturated fatty acids, which comprises introducing the nucleic acid sequence as claimed in claim 1, wherein said nucleic acid sequence is nonfunctional, or a nonfunctional nucleic acid construct comprising said nucleic acid linked to one or more regulatory sequences into an organism, growing this organism and isolating oil contained in the organism.
13. (previously presented) The process as claimed in claim 9, wherein the unsaturated fatty acids have an increased calendulic acid content.
14. (previously presented) The process as claimed in claim 9, wherein the organism is a plant or a microorganism.
15. (withdrawn) An unsaturated fatty acid prepared by a process as claimed in claim 9.
16. (withdrawn) A triglyceride with an increased content of unsaturated fatty acids prepared by a process as claimed in claim 10.
17. (withdrawn) A saturated fatty acid prepared by a process as claimed in claim 11.
18. (withdrawn) a triglyceride with an increased content of saturated fatty acids prepared by a process as claimed in claim 12.
19. (canceled)

20. (withdrawn) A method for isolating a genomic sequence comprising homology screening with the nucleic acid sequence as claimed in claim 1 or a fragment thereof.

21. (canceled)

22. (withdrawn) An enzyme which converts a fatty acid of the structure I.

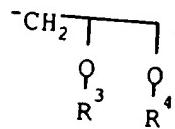


which has two double bonds separated from each other by a methylene group, to give a triunsaturated fatty acid of the structure II.



the three double bonds of the fatty acid being conjugated and the substituents and variables in the compounds of the structures I and II having the following meanings:

$R^1$  = hydrogen, substituted or unsubstituted, unsaturated or saturated, branched or unbranched  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$ -alkyl-,



$\text{R}^2$  = substituted or unsubstituted, unsaturated or saturated  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_9$ -Alkyl-,  
 $\text{R}^3$  and  $\text{R}^4$  independently of one another are hydrogen, substituted or  
unsubstituted, saturated or unsaturated, branched or unbranched  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{22}$ -  
alkylcarbonyl or phosphor-,  $n = 1$  to 14.